

ADRi-CitizenWatch virtual Townhall Nov. 11, 2021

9:00 AM - 11:30 AM (MANILA TIME) | 11 NOVEMBER 2021

ENSURING POWER SUPPLY SECURIT A SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC RECOVED



PROF. DINDO MANHIT President Stratbase ADR Institute



SEN. SHERWIN GATCHALIAN Chairperson, Senate Committee on Energy



ORLANDO OXALES Lead Convenor, CitizenWatch Philippines



Philippine Chamber of



MR. JOSÉ ALEJANDRO MR. ERNESTO PANTANGCO MR. ROMY BERNARDO Adviser for Energy and Chair, Energy Committee Power, Chair of Utilities, of the Management Philippines (MAP)



Vice Chairperson, Foundation for Economic Freedom



Chairman Emeritus, Power & Energy Committee, Federation of Philippine Industries, Inc



President, Minimal Government Thinkers; Non-Resident Fellow, Stratbase ADR Institute



Convenor, Infrawatch PH; Stratbase ADR Institute





PROF. LOUIE MONTEMAR Convenor, Bantay Konsyumer, Kurvente, Kalsada (BK3)



Blackout_friendly RE and high fossil fuel prices: Europe experience and lessons for the **Philippines**

Bienvenido S. Oplas, Jr. President, Minimal Government Thinkers Columnist, BusinessWorld, "My Cup of Liberty" Non-resident Fellow, Stratbase-ADRi





UK Energy Suppliers Face 'Massacre' Amid Soaring Gas Prices

By Tsvetana Paraskova - Oct 21, 2021, 9:00 AM CDT

 More than a dozen power suppliers in the UK have exited the retail energy market in recent weeks

Europe

Power costs could force metal producers from Europe - Eurometaux

Reuters

Coal keeps lights on at COP26 as low wind strikes again

Wednesday 3rd November 2021 | John Constable



Lack of windy weather over the past two weeks has cut output from 11,000 turbines, which account for more than 20% of power generation

18 SEPTEMBER 2021 - 11:26 by RACHEL MORISON

REVIEW-JOURNAL

EDITORIAL: Renewable

power fuels Europe's energy

crisis

Bloomberg Green

Starved of Gas, European Electricity Producers Snap Up Coal

By Isis Almeida, Javier Blas, and Anna Shiryaevskaya September 25, 2021, 2:16 AM GMT+8

- A cargo traded at \$200/ton in spot market, highest since 2008
- Coal burn is a headache for politicians before climate talks

Rob Davies and Joanna Partridge

Wed 6 Oct 2021 19:00





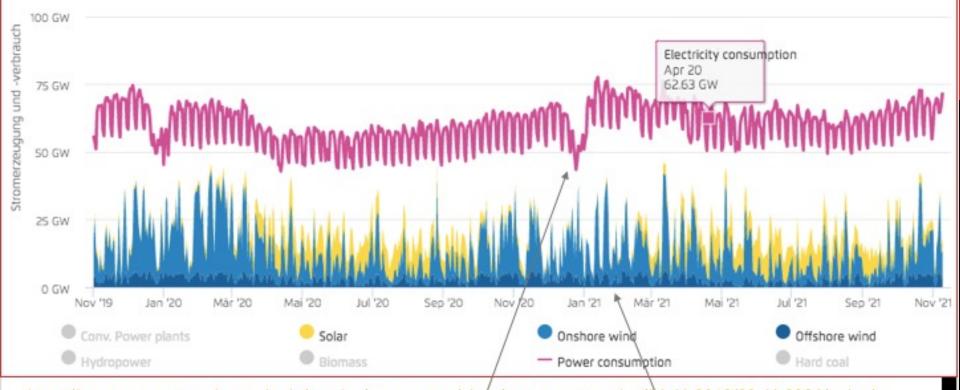


UK industry could face shutdowns as wholesale gas price hits record high

Steel, chemicals and fertiliser industries warn of difficult winter unless government takes emergency action



Germany electricity generation from solar-wind vs consumption, Nov. 2019-Nov. 2021



https://www.agora-energiewende.de/service/agorameter/cha/rt/power_generation/01.11.2019/09.11.2021/today/

Germany, Europe's largest econ., the home of BMW, Benz, Bosch, Siemens,... huge industrial products needing stable predictable power now tinkering with unstable unpredictable solar-wind. Huge gap bet consumption and these two intermittents, to be covered by coal, gas, nuke, some hydro, biomass.

European Power Grid Narrowly Misses Widespread Blackout As Frequency Drops Suddenly

Laurie Foti - Pebruary 11, 2021

By P Gosselin on 10. January 2021

https://notrickszone.com/20 21/01/10/european-powergrid-narrowly-misseswidespread-blackout-asfrequency-drops-suddenly/ Germany's 'Green' Energy
Failure: Germany turns back to coal
and natural gas as millions of its solar
panels are blanketed in snow and ice
Tech News | Startups News

"Energy prices, climate spending and NGCP", Oct 18, 2021

https://www.bworldonline.com/energy-prices-climate-spending-and-ngcp/

TABLE 1.

Commodities with high global price hikes YTD as of Oct. 15, 2021

Commodities	Unit	Prices Oct. 15	YTD Sept. 24	YTD Oct. 15	Category
TTF gas (EU)	Euro	93.65	267.4%	389.7%	Energy
UK gas	GBp	234.36	219.1%	315.5%	Energy
Lithium	CNY/ton	181,000.00	254.8%	289.2%	Metals
Coal	\$US/ton	240.00	124.8%	198.1%	Energy
Soda Ash	CNY/ton	3,500.00	111.8%	161.2%	Industrial
Propane	\$US/gal	1.48	97.7%	128.9%	Energy
Natural gas	\$US/MMBtu	5.42	103.9%	113.4%	Energy
Molybdenum	\$US/kg	45.00	96.8%	91.5%	Industrial
Oat	\$US/Bu	660.25	59.5%	83.0%	Agricultura
EU Carbon Permits	Euro	59.44	92.4%	81.7%	Index
Solar Energy Index	\$US	419.73	-12.3%	-10.1%	Index
Wind Energy Index	\$US	352.83	-5.7%	-7.2%	Index

HTTPS://TRADINGECONOMICS.COM/COMMODITIES

Year to date (YTD) or from end-2020 to Oct 15 price changes:

TTF/EU gas 390% or nearly 5x, UK gas 316% or 4x +, Coal 3x, Propane 2x +.

YTD price changes by Nov. 11, 8:30am: TTF gas 256%, UK gas 226%, coal 97%,...

Solar-wind energy index remain negative, meaning unattractive despite Glasgow mtg.

Solar and wind energy index remain negative, lower than end-2020 levels, unattractive.

of Philippine governme	,	OII			\$100 B/yr
Department	Acronym	2020	2021	2022	climate money
Public Works and Highways	DPWH	152,216	240,508	190,336	from rich
Transportation	DOTr			40,319	countries,
Agriculture	DA	12,772	19,503	23,996	COP20 in Paris in 2015,
Environment and Natural Resources	DENR	6,474	9,228	9,900	PH govt doing
Government owned corporations	GOCCs	5,276	4,500	9,520	big climate
Allocations to Local Government Units	LGUs	3,505	4,776	4,416	spending on its
Social Welfare and Development	DSWD		1,618	1,642	own:
Science and Technology	DOST	1,200	1,162	935	P184 B 2020,
Energy	DOE	122	284	855	P282 B 2021,
State universities and colleges	SUCs			690	P284 B 2022.
National Defense	DND	17	25	562	Many agonoios
Agrarian Reform	DAR	280	301	301	Many agenciesjump into
Information and Communications Technology	DICT	732	334		climate bec.
Labor and Employment	DOLE	751		-	huge funding
Trade and Industry	DTI	502			allotted yearly.
Other departments and agencies		100	125	1,041	
TOTAL		183,947	282,364	284,513	

TABLE 2.

NOT included here: (a) climate spending of LGUs as they have other sources of revenues, and (b) Climate Change Commission (CCC), P118.7 M in 2020, P150.5 M in 2021, P145.4 M 2022.

"ADB's kill coal plan, government corporations, and power transmission", Sept 13 2021 https://www.bworldonline.com/adbs-kill-coal-plan-government-corporations-and-power-transmission

TABLE 1.

Coal consumption, GDP size, and their expansion from 1990 to 2019

Country	Coal consumption, Exajoules		Expansion 2019 over		GDP size, \$ Billion			Expansion 2019 over		
	1990	2000	2019	2000	1990	1990	2000	2019	2000	1990
China	22.08	29.56	81.79	2.8	3.7	397	1,206	14,341	11.9	36.2
India	4.59	6.88	18.60	2.7	4.0	327	477	2,871	6.0	8.8
Indonesia	0.14	0.55	3.41	6.2	23.8	138	179	1,120	6.2	8.1
Philippines	0.04	0.17	0.73	4.4	16.3	51	84	377	4.5	7.5
Vietnam	0.09	0.20	2.07	10.5	22.2	8	40	330	8.3	40.1
Germany	5.51	3.57	2.25	0.6	0.4	1,599	1,949	3,862	2.0	2.4
Italy	0.61	0.52	0.28	0.5	0.5	1,169	1,147	2,005	1.7	1.7
UK	2.72	1.54	0.22	0.1	0.1	1,194	1,661	2,833	1.7	2.4
Poland	3.28	2.35	1.86	0.8	0.6	62	172	596	3.5	9.6
Turkey	0.67	0.94	1.76	1.9	2.6	208	274	761	2.8	3.7

SOURCES: BP STATISTICAL REVIEW OF WORLD ENERGY 2021, IMF WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK 2021, AUTHOR COMPUTATIONS

CN, IN, ID, PH, VN expanded coal cons. 4x to 24x from 1990-2019; GDP expanded 8x to 40x. DE, IT, UK shrank coal cons., 0.1x to 0.5x from1990-2019; GDP expansion only 1.7x to 2.4x. Poland and Turkey keep their coal cons. high, GDP expansion 3.7x to 9.6x from 1990-2019.

"Energy and economic development" (July 12, 2021

https://www.bworldonline.com/energy-and-economic-development/

TWH gen. in the	Electric in teraw				al gene	ration, v	wind+so	lar gen	eration,		
GDP size —		EG,	TWH	Coal,	TWH	Wind + S	olar, TWH	Coals	hare, %	Solar+Win	nd share, %
US, CN, IN, JP.		2010	2020	2010	2020	2010	2020	2010	2020	2010	2020
	US	4,394.3	4,286.6	1998.5	844.1	98.6	474.9	45.5	19.7	2.2	11.1
Coal output at at least 36% of	Russian Fed- eration	1,038.0	1,085.4	166.1	152.3	0.0	3.0	16.0	14.0	0.0	0.3
	Canada	607.0	643.9	84.0	35.6	9.0	40.5	13.8	5.5	1.5	6.3
total electricity	Brazil	515.8	620.1	11.7	22.9	2.2	65.0	2.3	3.7	0.4	10.5
gen. in 2020	Germany	633.1	571.9	44.5	16.7	50.3	181.6	7.0	2.9	7.9	31.7
also countries	France	569.3	524.9	262.9	134.8	10.6	53.7	46.2	25.7	1.9	10.2
with high GDP	Mexico	275.6	313.2	32.4	18.9	1.3	31.6	11.8	6.0	0.5	10.1
gr. 2010-2019:	UK	382.1	312.8	107.6	5.4	10.3	88.4	28.2	1.7	2.7	28.3

41.2

5.6

142.9

106.1

202.4

4,917.7

1,125.2

298.8

208.5

126.0

180.9

118.6

36.8

89.6

58.2

9,421.4

2.9

11.0

6.0

50.7

0.1

50.1

19.6

7.9

1.6

1.0

0.0

0.0

0.1

0.1

380.1

35.6

44.7

46.4

74.0

12.2

727.6

119.1

90.7

19.7

8.4

0.9

9.5

6.8

1.2

2.4

2,446.9

33.0

8.0

70.1

18.3

92.6

76.9

68.6

27.1

43.5

49.5

40.3

17.3

18.9

39.5

34.4

40.0

13.5

2.0

53.9

41.5

84.5

63.2

72.1

29.7

36.3

45.0

65.7

50.6

20.9

56.1

57.2

35.1

1.4

3.7

2.4

16.9

0.0

1.2

2.1

0.7

0.3

0.4

0.0

0.1

0.0

0.0

0.1

1.8

11.7

15.8

17.5

28.9

5.1

9.4

7.6

9.0

3.4

3.0

0.3

4.0

3.9

0.8

2.4

9.1

gen. in 2020 -also countries with high GDP gr. 2010-2019

4 of 5 countries

with 1,000+

CN 7.7%, ID 7.0%, VN 6.5%, PH 6.4%, ID TW 3.6%, KR 3.3%.

5.4%, MY 5.3%, "Decarbonized" Europe, high solar-wind, slow gr. 2010-2019: DE 1.9%, UK 1.8%, FR 1.4%, SP 1.1%, IT

0.3%.

211.2 302.1 251.0 300.4 South Africa 259.6 4,207.2 937.5 1,156.0

495.0

247.1

169.8

91.7

157.6

125.0

67.7

Turkey Italy

Australia

Spain

China

India

Japan

Taiwan

Indonesia

Vietnam

Thailand

Malaysia

Philippines

Total World

South Korea

	305.4	
	282.7	
	265.2	
	255.8	
	239.5	
	7,779.1	
	1,560.9	
	1,004.8	
1	574.0	

279.8

275.2

234.5

176.4

159.6

101.8

69.8

24.2

176.0

55.0

240.5

3,233.6

643.0

312.7

215.4

122.3

68.5

15.9

29.8

49.4

23.3

8,634.5

21,570.7 26,823.2 SOURCE: BP SRWE 2021, AUTHOR COMPUTATIONS

coal, PSALM,	Country		Petajoules (PJ)	Equivalent Chi	Equivalent China consumption		
NEA and NGCP"		1965	1990	2020	PJ	in year	
Nov. 1, 2021 https://www.bworldonline.com/clim	US	11,607	19,217	9,203	9,569	1975	
	USSR/Russian Fed.	12,453	7,633	3,274		early 60s?	
	Germany	6,730	5,507	1,844		mid 50s?	
ate-and-coal-	Poland	2,490	3,284	1,669		early 50s?	
osalm-nea-and-	Australia	727	1,600	1,689		early 50s?	
ngcp/	China	4,791	22,084	82,270			
DB's scheme	India	1,488	4,594	17,537	17,051	1985	
cquire-retire-	Japan (JP)	2,039	3,268	4,574		1964?	
oal targeted	Indonesia (ID)	5	143	3,256		early 60s?	
PH, VN, ID.	South Korea (KR)	207	1,010	3,029		late 50s?	
•	Vietnam (VN)	38	93	2,102		mid 50s?	
DB can bully	Taiwan (TW)	125	452	1,634		early 50s?	
nem but not	Malaysia	1	55	1,137		early 50s?	
China and	Thailand	2	163	728		late 40s?	
India. China's coal	Philippines (PH)	2	45	728		late 40s?	
	ID+VN+PH	45	281	6,085	5,046	1969	
onsumption	JP+KR+TW	2,372	4,730	9,238	9,570	1975	
o big that	SOURCES: BP STATISTICAL REVIEW	N OF WORLD ENERGY 2021	AUTHOR ESTIMATES.				

GWH) was near China's 5,046 PJ in **1969** and 6,947 PJ in 1970. Even JP + KR + TW coal cons. 9,238 PJ in 2020, and US' 9,203 PJ also in 2020, equiv. to CN's 9,570 PJ in 1975 \rightarrow **ADB selective bullying and double talk.**

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

Politics Economy Business Tech Markets Opinion Books & Arts Real Estate Life & Work WSJ. Magazine Sports

To Strike a Climate Deal, Poor Nations Say They Need Trillions From Rich Ones

Industrialized countries were already struggling to pay earlier commitments to help with cleanenergy development and other infrastructure needs. Now the cost of buying cooperation has skyrocketed.

COP26

Money for poor countries must rise tenfold, says UN

Wealthy countries are falling way below what is needed, expert body warns

Bloomberg Green

Politics

India Holds Back on Climate Pledge Until Rich Nations Pay \$1 Trillion

The world's most populous country says it will use the money t build out renewable energy by 2030.

By Akshat Rathi and Archana Chaudhary

November 10, 2021, 8:04 PM GMT+8

Green

Africa Wants \$1.3 Trillion Annual Climate Finance as Rich Nations Miss Target

By John Ainger +Follow November 4, 2021, 5:23 PM GMT+8

Outrage after 400 VIP jets converge on climate summit



Glasgow: The Stampede To Mass Poverty...120 BILLION Tonnes Of Materials For Wind Turbines By 2050? By P Gosselin on 3. November 2021

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Commentary by Fred F. Mueller

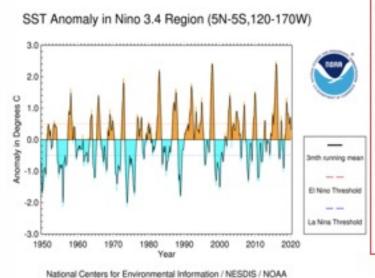
FLOP 26

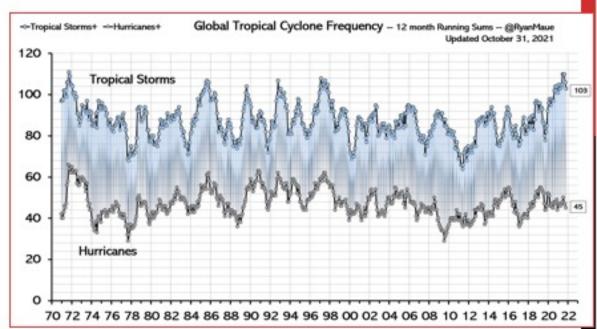
WHERE'S MY ILL TAKE \$100 BILLION PROMISED ANY MONEY BACS OR BITCOIN (AN I HAVE PER YEAR ?!! SOME OF I WANT THERE IS MY MONEY DOWN HERE?

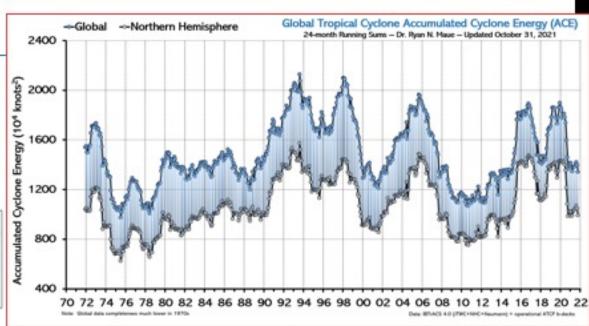
THE ENOLESS SEARCH FOR THE HOLY GRAIL OF COP CLIMATE CONFERENCES GOES ON

No climate crisis. No climate emergency.

- 1. Tropical cyclones today not "more frequent" than decades ago.
- 2. Strength/energy of tropical cyclones (ACE) not "stronger" than decades ago.
- 3. El Nino not "stronger/ more frequent" than La Nina.







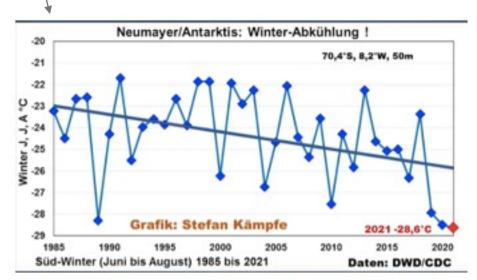
Source: Dr. Ryan Maue, http://climatlas.com/tropical/

- 4. Sea ice in the Arctic are melting... and growing. Every single year, no exception.
- 5. Sea ice in Antarctica are melting... and growing. Every single year, no exception.

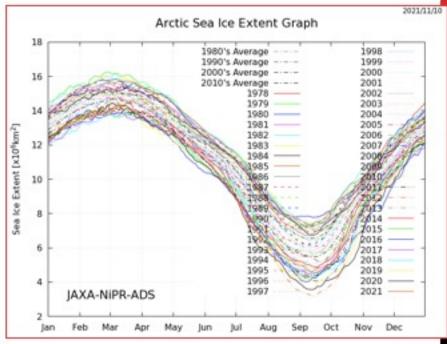
It is a lie to say that sea ice just melting, not growing, leading to "huge rise sea level."

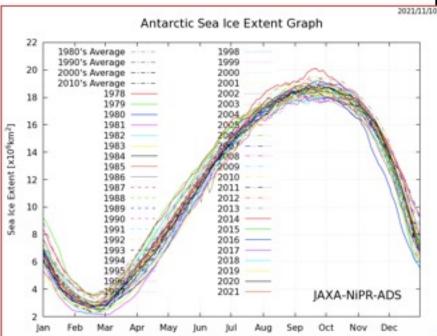
6. Antarctica experience coldest half-year since measurements began 60 tears ago.

No climate crisis. No climate emergency.



https://notrickszone.com/2021/11/09/temperature-bottomfalling-out-antarcticas-coldest-half-year-sincemeasurements-began-60-years-ago/





https://wattsupwiththat.com/reference-pages/sea-ice-page

"Growth and long-term energy supply", August 16, 2021

https://www.bworldonline.com/growth-and-long-term-energy-supply/

1.019

443

TABLE 2.

Solar

Wind

Existing canacity nower generation in gigawatt-hours (GWH)

	ed and Indica				
	Installed Capacity 2020 MW	Generation 2020 GWH	Computed capacity factor	Committed MW 2021-2027	Indicative MW 2021-2032
Coal	10,944	58,176	60.1%	3,821	4,440
Oil-based	4,237	2,474	6.7%	438	537
Natural das	3.453	19 497	64.4%	2 400	4 700

Oil-based	4,237	2,474	6.7%	438	537
Natural gas	3,453	19,497	64.4%	2,400	4,700
Renewable Energy	7,617	21,608	32.4%	1,053	23,896
Geothermal	1,928	10,757	63.7%	116	296
Hydro	3,779	7,192	21.7%	222	6,125
Biomass	483	1.261	29.8%	61	95

15.4%

26.4%

655

12,614

4,765

33,574

Total 26,286 101,756 44.2% 7,713 SOURCES: DOE POWER STATISTICS 2020, DOE PRESENTATION IN CONGRESS JULY 30, 2021; CAPACITY FACTOR ARE AUTHOR COMPUTATIONS.

1.373

1,026

Indicative projects, bulk of 33.57 GW increase will come from solar, hydro, and wind. Problems someday as intermittent unstable and low output solar-wind will require non-cheap batteries, will push up power generation and transmission prices, grid must get more ancillary services (AS).

Generation Mix Jul to Sept 2021 July-2021 Sep-2021 Aug-2021 TYPE **GWH GWH GWH** 54.3% COAL 4,052 56.9% 3,903 3,847 53.9% NAT. 1,572 22.1% 1,592 22.2% 1,541 21.6% GAS **HYDRO** 315 4.4% 685 672 9.4% BIOMASS 0.9% 1.0% 0.9% OIL-1.2% 186 2.6% 1.0% BASED WIND 0.7% SOLAR 123 1.7% 137 1.9% 129 1.8% 7,184 7,184 TOTAL 7,125 100% 100% 100%

Generation	ı mıx ın	Luzon-v	isayas g	grias, 202	1	
enerator Typ	Novembe	er 2021*	July-Nov. 9, 2021			
deficiation Typ	GWh	Percent	GWh	Percent		
Coal	2,054.7	62.8%	18,262	57.8%		
Natural Gas	594.5	18.2%	6,189	19.2%		
Geothermal	295.5	9.0%	3,344	10.3%		
Hydro	153.6	4.7%	2,521	7.5%		
Biomass	39.7	1.2%	313	1.0%		
Oil-Based	34.6	1.1%	488	1.5%		
Wind	54.2	1.7%	294	1.0%		
Solar	45.8	1.4%	550	1.7%		
TOTAL	3,273.5	100.0%	31,961	100.0%		
Source: Independe	nt Electricity	Market Oper	rator of the P	hilippines (IEM	10	

*From Oct. 26, 2021 to Nov. 9, 2021 only

RE law of 2008 (RA 9513) took off late because wind-solar developers lobbied for high Feed in tariff (FIT) rates or guaranteed price for 20 years.

Now 2021 and wind-solar only produce 2.7% of total generation and "save the planet" movement wants us to rely on this blackout-friendly energy source.

Blackout economics is for the lazy and socialists. Not industrious and dynamic people.

Conclusions

- 1. Europe experience: Coal is the past, RE is the present, and frequent blackout is the future.
- 2. PH experience: Blackout is the past (esp. 1990-91), coal is the present (56-57% of total electricity generation yearly), and sustained growth would be the future.
- 3. But wind-solar (only 2.5-3% of PH total gen.) is endlessly pushed and coal is endlessly attacked, intermittent RE pushers want Blackout econ., Degrowth econ.
- 4. No climate crisis. No climate emergency. Climate change is true but it is cyclical and natural, nature-made, not "man-made". Pushing intermittents and ease out reliable fossil fuels are tools of ecological central planning, not dynamic growth.
- 5. Climate alarm leads to climate extortion. Each UN COP meeting leads to more alarm, that leads to bigger climate money being expected from rich countries. \$100 B/year for all developing countries in Paris 2015, now in Glasgow 2021 developing countries now want trillions per year.
- 6. We should push for more fossil fuels in energy generation plus nuclear. Europe's blackout economics, degrowth economics, are clear lessons for us.